

**CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

1. (Currently Amended) A hydraulic support element (1) for a valve train of an internal combustion engine, comprising having a hollow cylindrical housing having a (2), in the bore in (3) of which a pressure piston (4) runs in an axially moveable manner, one end (5) of said piston projecting beyond an edge (6) of the housing (2) and said piston having on said one that one end (5) face a head (7) for mounting a rocker arm and having a non-return valve (9) on the other its end of the piston (8) facing away from the head (7), a high pressure space (11) for hydraulic medium positioned being generated between the other end of the piston (8) facing away and an opposing base (10) of the housing (2), said high pressure space (11) capable of being supplied with the hydraulic medium from a storage space (12) situated above the other end of the piston (8) facing away and enclosed by the pressure piston (4),  
wherein the one end of **characterized** in that the pressure piston (4) consists, at its end (5) which projects beyond the edge (6) of the housing (2) and in at least a portion of the piston (13) which adjoins the one this end of the piston is situated within the housing (2) and extends into the vicinity of the non-return valve (9), comprises of synthetic material reinforced with glass fibers or carbon fibers, and  
wherein a catch projection is arranged on an outer casing of the portion of the pressure piston which is situated within the housing, and the bore has an annular groove in which the catch projection axially moves; and said annular groove is an upper step for the catch projection.
2. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 1, wherein **characterized** in that glass beads or carbon beads are embedded in the synthetic material of the pressure piston (4) as reinforcement.

3. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 1, wherein the characterized in that the pressure piston {4} is manufactured in two parts, comprising firstly an upper part {4a} made from the synthetic material, said upper part {4a} being composed of the one end {5} and the portion {13} which ends in the vicinity of the non-return valve {9}, and the pressure piston {4} secondly comprising a lower part {4b}, made from metallic material, and abutting with the non-return valve {9}.
4. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 1, wherein the characterized in that catch projections {15} are arranged on an outer casing {14} of the portion {13} of the pressure piston {4}, which catch projections are distributed around the circumference and are preferably in one piece with and project from said outer casing and meet an upper stop in an annular groove {16} in the bore {3} of the housing {2}.
5. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 1, wherein the characterized in that an outer casing {14} of the portion {13} of the pressure piston {4} or, if referring back to claim 4, an outer casing {14} of the portion {13} of the pressure piston {4} apart from the catch projections {15}, is of entirely or at least of largely smooth-surfaced design.
6. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 3, wherein the characterized in that the upper part {4a} of the pressure piston {4} rests on a facing end side {17} of the lower part {4b} by means of a ring {18}, and studs {19}, which are distributed about and project from the circumference of the ring, are

elastically or plastically deformable and rest on the end side {17}, projecting from the ring {18}.

7. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 3, wherein characterized in that the upper part {4a} of the pressure piston {4} rests on a facing end side {17} of the lower part {4b} by means of a ring {18}, and crown-like radial recesses, which adjoin the respectively opposite components end side or {17} / ring {18}, running in the ring {18} or in the end side {17}.
8. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 6, wherein characterized in that an aperture {20} to let hydraulic medium into the storage space {12} is formed between the studs {19} (claim 6) or the radial recesses (claim 7).
9. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 3, wherein characterized in that the upper part {4a} of the pressure piston {4} rests on a facing end side {17} of the lower part {4b} by means of a ring {18} formed by a reduced-diameter region of the outer casing {14} of said upper part, and studs {19}, which are distributed about and project from the circumference of the ring and are elastically or plastically deformable, projecting from the ring {18} and the reduced-diameter region being fixedly installed in a bore {21} of the lower part {4b} as an extension {22}.
10. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 9, wherein characterized in that one or more longitudinal slots {24} project from a lower end side {23} of the extension {22} of the lower part {4b}, it being possible to conduct the hydraulic medium by means of the longitudinal slots {24} into the storage space

{12} through an aperture {20} situated between the upper and lower parts {4a, 4b} of the pressure piston {4} and formed by studs {19} or crown-like recesses.

11. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 9, wherein characterized in that an edge region between the outer casing {14} and a lower end side {23} of the extension {22} is provided with connection studs {26} for abutment in the bore {21}.

12. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 1, wherein characterized in that the pressure piston {4} is produced by injection molding.

13. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 1, wherein characterized in that the support element {1} is of non-switchable design.

14. (Currently Amended) The support element as claimed in claim 1, wherein characterized in that the support element {1} is of switchable design in order to achieve different valve strokes.

15. (New) The support element as claimed in claim 7, wherein an aperture to let hydraulic medium into the storage space is formed between the radial recesses.